# University of Asia Pacific <br> Department of Civil Engineering <br> Mid-Term Examination Fall 2022 <br> Program: B.Sc. in Civil Engineering 

'Coùrse Title: Structural Engineering II
Course Code: CE 313
Time: 1 hour
Credit Hour : 3.0
Full Marks: 40

## ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.

Required information are shown in appendix. Any missing data can be assumed reasonably.
Part-A

1. Apply Virtual Work Method to calculate the vertical deflection of $\mathbf{C}$ of the Beam in Fig. 1 (EI=constant).

P $=5 \mathrm{kN}$ for Even student ID
Or $\mathrm{P}=7 \mathrm{kN}$ for Odd student ID
2. Apply Virtual Work Method to calculate the horizontal deflection at $\mathbf{E}$ of the frame in Fig. 2 ( $\mathrm{EI}=$ constant).
$\mathrm{P}=6$ kip for Even student ID
Or $\mathrm{P}=9$ kip for Odd student ID


Fig. 1


Fig. 2

## Part-B

3. Shear Forces Diagram of column of a two-storied frame is shown in Fig.3. Analyze the frame using the Portal Method to obtain the following:
(i) applied loads $\mathbf{P}_{1}, \mathbf{P}_{2}$ and $\mathbf{P}_{3}$
(ii) column bending moments and axial forces
(iii) beam shear forces and bending moments.
4. Analyze the statically indeterminate truss shown in Fig. 4 to obtain member forces of FD,CD and BD (assume that diagonal members take an equal share of the sectional shear force).


Fig. 3


Fig. 4

Table for Evaluating $\int_{0}^{\mathrm{L}} m m^{\prime} d x=$

| $\int_{0}^{2} m m^{\prime} d x$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $m m ' L$ | $\frac{1}{2} m m^{\prime} L$ | $\frac{1}{2} m\left(m_{2}^{\prime}+m_{2}^{\prime}\right) L$ | $\frac{2}{3} m m^{\prime} L$ |
|  | $\frac{1}{2} m m m^{\prime} L$ | $\frac{1}{3} m m^{\prime} L .$ | $\frac{1}{6} m\left(m_{1}^{\prime}+2 m_{2}^{\prime}\right) L$ | $\frac{5}{12} \mathrm{~mm}^{\prime} \mathrm{L}$ |
|  | $\frac{1}{2} m^{\prime}\left(m_{1}+m_{2}\right) L$ | $\frac{1}{6} m^{\prime}\left(m_{1}+2 m_{2}\right) L$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{6}\left[m_{1}^{\prime}\left(2 m_{1}+m_{2}\right)\right. \\ & \left.+m_{2}^{\prime}\left(m_{1}+2 m_{2}\right)\right] L \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{1}{12}\left[m^{\prime}\left(3 m_{2}+5 m_{2}\right)\right] L$. |
|  | $\frac{1}{2} m m m^{\prime} L$ | $\frac{1}{6} m m^{\prime}(L+a)$ | $\begin{gathered} \frac{1}{6} m_{[m}^{[m}(L+b)+ \\ \left.m_{2}(L+a)\right] \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{1}{12} m m^{\prime}\left(3+\frac{3 a}{L}-\frac{a^{2}}{L^{2}}\right) L$ |
| $m$ | $\frac{1}{2} m m^{\prime} \mathrm{L}$ | $\frac{1}{6} m m^{\prime} 2 .$ | $\frac{1}{6} m_{( }\left(2 m_{i}^{\prime}+m_{2}^{\prime}\right) l$ | $\frac{1}{4} m m m^{\prime} L$ |

# University of Asia Pacific <br> Department of Civil Engineering <br> Midterm Examination Fall 2022 <br> Program: B.Sc. Engineering (Civil) 

Course Title: Engineering Hydrology
Thape: 1 hour
Credit Hour: 3.0
Course Code: CE 363
Full Marks: 40

## (Answer all the questions. Figures in the right margin indicate marks)

1. a) Define infiltration. State the factors that affect infiltration.
b) What are the methods of measuring precipitation? Briefly describe.
2. a) Draw a typical hydrograph and discuss its elements.
b) Discuss the elements of the hydrologic cycle.
3. For the data given below, construct the Intensity-Duration-Frequency (IDF) curve [10] for return periods of 5 years

| No. | Year | $1-\mathrm{hr}$ | $4-\mathrm{hr}$ | $12-\mathrm{hr}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2007 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.9 |
| 2 | 2008 | 1.9 | 4.1 | 5.2 |
| 3 | 2009 | 1.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 |
| 4 | 2010 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| 5 | 2011 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 4.2 |
| 6 | 2012 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.7 |
| 7 | 2013 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| 8 | 2014 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| 9 | 2015 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 3.6 |
| 10 | 2016 | 2.9 | 4 | 4.5 |
| 11 | 2017 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| 12 | 2018 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| 13 | 2019 | 2.2 | 4.5 | 7.7 |
| 14 | 2020 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 4.6 |
| 15 | 2021 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| 16 | 2022 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 4.1 |

4. a) Bangladesh Meteorological department measured the weather condition of

Narsingdi as follows:
The average air temperature: $80^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
Wind Speed: $11 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$
Relative humidity: $90 \%$

Calculate the evaporation rate in mm/day using Harbeck and Meyers formula. The constant of the formula $\mathrm{b}=0.0119 \mathrm{~cm}-\mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{m} . \mathrm{mb}$-day. Why do you need to know the evaporation rate in order to irrigate a land? Justify your answer.
b) The daily streamflow and baseflow data at a site having a drainage area of 7250
$\ldots \mathrm{km}^{2}$ are given in the Table below. Determine the runoff volume and equivalent depth of the direct runoff. Why measurement of runoff volume is necessary? Justify your answer.

| Time (Day) | Total Flow $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}\right)$ | Base flow $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 170 | 170 |
| 1 | 168 | 168 |
| 2 | 230 | 168 |
| 3 | 500 | 162 |
| 4 | 1055 | 161 |
| 5 | 970 | 160 |
| 6 | 760 | 157 |
| 7 | 600 | 155 |
| 8 | 480 | 150 |
| 9 | 400 | 148 |
| 10 | 320 | 147 |
| 11 | 200 | 145 |
| 12 | 150 | 141 |
| 13 | 140 | 140 |
| 14 | 140 | 140 |

# University of Asia Pacific <br> Department of Civil Engineering <br> Midterm Examination, Fall 2022 <br> Program: B.Sc. Engineering (Civil) 

Cớrrse Title: Environmental Engineering II
Course Code: CE 333
Time: 1 hour
Credit hour: 3
Full Marks: 40

## There are Four (4) questions. Answer all the questions.

1. Indicate the disease transmission routes from the environment to humans, and the intervention approaches to prevent such transmission with a schematic diagram.
2 Describe the factors that influence corrosion in a sewer pipe.
2. Calculate the volume of the equalization tank of a treatment plant subjected to [10] variable inflow rates (with time) as illustrated below.

| Time Interval | Flow $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{h}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.00 A.M-10.00 A.M | 300 |
| 10.00 A.M -14.00 P.M | 410 |
| 14.00 P.M -18.00 P.M | 190 |
| 18.00 P.M -22.00 P.M | 210 |
| 22.00 P.M -2.00 A.M | 120 |
| 2.00A.M-6.00 A.M | 70 |

4. Describe the discrete (type 1) and flocculent (type 2 ) settling processes contributing to pollutant removal in primary sedimentation tanks.

# University of Asia Pacific <br> Department of Civil Engineering <br> Midterm Examination, Fall-2022 <br> Program: B.Sc. Engineering (Civil) 

Course Title: Principles of Management
Time: One hour
Credit Hour: Two
Course Code: IMG 301
Full Marks: 20
(Answer any two of the following questions.)

1. (a) "------ is based on the notion that it is best to give foreign subsidiaries, staffed by local nationals, a great deal of managerial freedom. It is assumed that local nationals understand the local environment best." Which orientation of multinational corporation is it?
0.5
(b) "It requires developing products with the whole world in mind, especially the markets in North America, Asia, and Western Europe. Similarly, strategic decisions must take into account the whole world, but tactics must be adapted to the national and local environments." For which type of company the above aspects may be required?0.5
(c)Write any two objectives of NAFTA (North American Free Trade Agreement). 1
(d)Describe Managerial Roles Approach with its limitations. 8
2. (a) Write advantages of and challenges for multinational corporations. 6
(b)What is whistle-blowing? 2
(c) What is the use of whistle-blower website? 2
3. (a) Explain strategies, policies, procedures, rules, and programs (five types of plans).
(b)How many countries formed ASEAN (Association of South East Asian Nations)? Mention names of any three countries.
(c) A law was passed "--- which requires labor membership in the supervisory board and the executive committee of certain large corporation. Furthermore, a labor director is elected as a member of the executive committee." What term is used for such labor participation?
(d) Japanese management, then, uses decision making by $\qquad$ to deal with everyday problems. Fill up the blank.

# University of Asia Pacific <br> Department of Civil Engineering <br> Mid Term Examination Fall 2022 <br> Program: BSc in Civil Engineering 

Course Title: Design of Concrete Structures II
Course Code: CE 317
Time: 1 hour
Credit Hour: 3.00
Full Marks: 60

## OUESTION 1 [30 MARKS]

The floor slab layout plan of an 8 storeyed academic building (live load $2.4 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ ) is shown in Figure 1. The floor will be constructed with flat plate slab system and it carries $3 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ dead load due to random wall and floor finishes. The thickness of all slabs could be assumed as 225 mm . Apply the concept to design the slab (interior span) for column strip of slab panel "A". The column size could be assumed as $600 \mathrm{~mm} \times 600 \mathrm{~mm}$. The concrete strength of $24 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ and $420 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ grade of steel could be used in design. Assumed required data for design.


Figure 1. Flat slab floor plan of residential building

## QUESTION 2 [18 MARKS]

The ground floor column of C1 (as shown in Figure 1) for the building stated in Question 1 has to be designed. The column is subjected to compressive force along with $300 \mathrm{kN} . \mathrm{m}$ equivalent uni-axial bending moment. Design the column with an optimal solution (as tie column) considering all possible ways to reduce the size of column. The column design chart as shown in Appendix could be used for design.
[18 Marks]

## QUESTION 3 [12 MARKS]

The roof slab of the academic building (Question 1) is subjected to heavy load of research materials $\left(12 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$. Propose a solution to obtain minimal thickness of roof slab and justify your proposal through considering punching effects, deflection, column size and other requirements of codes (ACI/BNBC).
[12 Marks]


# University of Asia Pacific <br> Department of Civil Engineering <br> Midterm Examination Fall - 2022 <br> Program: B.Sc. Engineering (Civil) 

Course Title: Transportation Engineering I
Course Code: CE 351
Tjure: I hour
Credit Hour: 03
Full Marks: 60

## There are Four Questions. Answer All the Questions <br> [Assume reasonable data if any]

1. a) State the advantages and disadvantages of a rotary intersection
b) Explain the three basic attributes by which a transportation system can be evaluated.

2 a) A calibration study resulted in the following utility equation for different modes in Dhaka
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{k}}=\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{k}}-\mathbf{0} .25 \mathrm{X}_{1}-0.032 \mathrm{X}_{2}-0.015 \mathrm{X}_{3}-0.002 \mathrm{X}_{4}$ where
$\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{k}}=$ mode specific constant
$X_{1}=$ access plan egress time in minutes
$\mathrm{X}_{2}=$ waiting time in minutes
$\mathrm{X}_{3}=$ line haul time in minutes
$\mathrm{X}_{4}=$ out-of-pocket-costs in Taka

|  | $\mathrm{A}_{k}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bus | -0.22 | 10 | 15 | 40 | 50 |
| Bike | -0.08 | 3 | 5 | 15 | 135 |

From the above table, calculate the share of two modes for a forecasted trips of 2500 using a logit model.
b) Explain diagrammatically the basic movement to categorize travel pattern in planning area.
3. Develop a two-phase signal of an isolated cross junction and also show the bar diagram for the data given below:

| Amber | 3 sec |
| :--- | :--- |
| Red-Amber | 2 sec |


|  | N-S | E-W |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Inter-Green | 8 | 6 |
| Lost time | 2 | 3 |


|  | North | South | East | West |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Flow, veh/hr | 620 | 790 | 875 | 710 |
| Saturation flow, veh/hr | 1910 | 2380 | 2700 | 2130 |

4. Calculate the AADT for the following data. Data was collected on Friday in January. MEF for January is 1.756 . Necessary table is provided enclosed

| Hour | Volume |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8:00 a.m. $-9: 00 \mathrm{a.m}$. | 1200 |
| 10:00 a.m. $-11: 00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. | 840 |
| 11:00 a.m. $-12: 00$ p.m. | 1320 |
| 1:00 p.m. $-2: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. | 1678 |
| 2:00 p.m. $-3: 00 \mathrm{p.m}$. | 926 |

## Data given for Question No 4

Table 4.5 Hourly Expansion Factors for a Rural Primary Road


Table 4.6 Daily Expansion Factors for a Rural Primary Road

| Dayof Week | Volwo | DEI |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Sunday | 7895 | 9.515 |
| Monday | 10.714 | 7.012 |
| Tuesday | 9722 | 7.727 |
| Wednesday | 11.413 | 6.582 |
| Thursday | 10,714 | 7.012 |
| Friday | 13.125 | 5.724 |
| Saturday | 11,539 | 6.510 |

Total weekly volume or 75.122.

